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This report provides weekly updates in the eight key areas identified as pillars of US government policy for victory in Iraq.

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Highlights



1. Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgents

Iraqi Special Operations Forces with Coalition advisors captured an al-Qaida in Iraq (AQI) terrorist cell leader December 26 in al-Yusifiyah south of Baghdad. The AQI cell leader was allegedly responsible for the kidnapping of two US soldiers from a checkpoint in Yusifiyah in June as well as numerous other kidnappings, murders and violent crimes in the area. The two soldiers were later found tortured and murdered.

2. Transition Iraq to Security Self-Reliance

During December, the Iraqi Police Service (IPS) graduated 8,708 police recruits from the ten-week basic training courses held in Baghdad, Basrah, Hamman al-Alil, Hillah, Erbil, Kut, Mosul, Najaf, Sulaymaniyah and Jordan.

- 3. Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government Iraqi Prime Minister Maliki stated in an interview that although he believed his taking the position of Prime Minister served the national interest, he wished he could leave office before the completion of his four-year term and would not accept the position again.
- 4. Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services

 Baghdad has received no power from Haditha Dam since December 4, and since

 December 27 it has also received none from northern generating plants, reducing

 Baghdad daily electricity service to five to six hours a day.

Highlights



5. Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy

Iranian Economy Minister Davoud Danesh Jafari announced that Iran will provide a \$1 billion loan to Iraq for reconstruction. The Iraqis have committed to use Iranian contractors and experts for the proposed projects. The two sides reached the agreement during the visit to Tehran of Iraqi Finance Minister Bayan Jabr (SCIRI).

6. Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law

The sentence of the Iraqi High Tribunal (IHT) against Saddam Hussein was carried out at a prison in Baghdad the morning of December 30.

7. Increase International Support for Iraq

South Korea's Foreign Ministry announced December 29 that South Korea is considering allowing its firms to conduct business in Iraq's northern Kurdish region given the improved security situation in the region.

8. Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents

Four Americans and an Austrian abducted in November in southern Iraq spoke briefly and appeared uninjured in a video believed to have been recorded nearly two weeks ago and delivered January 3 to The Associated Press.

[1.] Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgency



Iraqi Statistics Show December 2006 Was the Deadliest Month for Iraqi Civilians:

- According to a combination of statistics released by the Iraqi Health, Interior and Defense ministries, December was the deadliest month for the country's civilians in 2006 with a death toll of 1,927 - compared with 1,846 in November and 1,315 in October.
 - Although the US military does not release Iraqi civilian casualty numbers, the Iraqi Interior Ministry spokesman, Brigadier General Abdul Kareem Khalaf, disagreed with the released Iraqi statistics, saying that the latest figures were too high and that the civilian toll in December was about half what was being reported and was one of the lowest monthly totals of the year.

<u>Iraqi Army Captures Al-Qaida Terrorist Cell Leader:</u>

Iraqi Special Operations Forces with Coalition advisors captured an al-Qaida in Iraq
(AQI) terrorist cell leader December 26 in al-Yusifiyah south of Baghdad. The AQI
cell leader was allegedly responsible for the kidnapping of two US soldiers from a
checkpoint in Yusifiyah in June as well as numerous other kidnappings, murders
and violent crimes in the area. The two soldiers were later found tortured and
murdered.

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[2.] Transition to Security Self-Reliance – Iraqi Security Forces



<u>Iraqi Police Graduate 8,708 from Basic Training Courses in December:</u>

- The Iraqi Police Service (IPS) graduated 8,708 police recruits from the ten-week basic training courses held in Baghdad, Basrah, Hamman al-Alil, Hillah, Erbil, Kut, Mosul, Najaf, Sulaymaniyah and Jordan during the month of December.
- An additional 2,462 police students completed the three-week Transitional Integration Program for police officers with prior experience.
- To date, more than 151,000 Iraqi policemen have completed basic training courses.
 Additionally, nearly 30,000 Department of Border Enforcement and more than 26,000 National Police have completed initial training.

New Officers Graduate from Iraqi Military Academy:

- More than 200 cadets were promoted to the rank of second lieutenant in the Iraqi
 Army in a graduation ceremony December 28 at the Iraqi Military Academy, alRustamiyah.
 - The new officers completed a year-long military leadership development course based on the United Kingdom's Royal Military Academy at Sandhurst, which focuses on command, leadership and advanced military skills that the new officers will implement with their units.

[2.] Transition Iraq to Security Self-Reliance – Iraqi Security **Forces**



Ministry of Interior Forces

COMPONENT	TRAINED & EQUIPPED
POLICE	~135,000***
NATIONAL POLICE	~ 24,400
OTHER MOI FORCES	~28,900
TOTAL	~188,300**

Ministry of Defense Forces

COMPONENT	OPERATIONAL
ARMY	~132,700***
AIR FORCE	~900
NAVY	~1,100
TOTAL	~134,700**

Total Trained & Equipped ISF:

~323,000****

- * Ministry of Interior Forces: Unauthorized absence personnel are included in these numbers
- ** Ministry of Defense Forces: Unauthorized absence personnel are not included in these numbers
- *** Army numbers include Special Operations Forces and Support Forces
- **** Does not include the approximately 144,000 Facilities Protection Service personnel working in 27 ministries

Data as of December 25, 2006 (updated bi-weekly by DOD)

[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government- Developments



Maliki Would Reject a Second Term:

- Iraqi Prime Minister Maliki said in a published report in the Wall Street Journal that he wished he could leave office before the completion of his four-year term and would not run again.
- "I didn't want to take this position," Maliki told the Wall Street Journal in an interview published January 2. "I only agreed because I thought it would serve the national interest, and I will not accept it again." Maliki said it was "impossible" that he would serve a second term.
- "I wish I could be done with it even before the end of this term," he said in the
 interview, which was conducted December 24. "I would like to serve my
 people from outside the circle of senior officials, maybe through the
 parliament, or through working directly with the people."

[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government— Developments



Saddam Hussein's Execution Sparks Criticism:

- Hundreds of Sunni Arabs protested January 1 against the execution of Saddam Hussein.
 In ad-Dawr, the village north of Baghdad where Saddam was captured by US troops in December 2003, demonstrators blamed Shia leaders for carrying out the death sentence.
- Iraq's main Sunni clerics group blamed the US for Saddam's execution. The Muslim Scholars' Association called Saddam's hanging for crimes against humanity a "purely political act." The group also lashed out at the fact that the execution was conducted during Eid al-Adha, one of Islam's holiest periods.
- US officials in Iraq raised concerns over arrangements for the execution, both before and after it was carried out, but said questions over the manner of the hanging should not call into question the integrity of Saddam's trial. "The most important thing is that Saddam Hussein was executed after a long trial a long and public trial, that met international standards," White House spokesman Tony Snow said.
- Iraqi President Jalal Talabani has said that Saddam's execution did not need his approval.
 Talabani's office released a statement January 2 saying the president opposes the death penalty, but cannot interfere with the independence of the judiciary. Prime Minister Maliki has ordered an investigation into the execution to try to uncover who taunted the former dictator, and who leaked subsequent mobile phone footage.
- The Iraqi government also postponed hanging two of Saddam's co-defendants in the Dujail trial. Barzan Ibrahim al-Tikriti, Saddam's half brother and former intelligence chief, and Awad Ahmed al-Bandar, the head of the revolutionary court, were to have been hanged January 4 after the end of the Eid al-Adha holiday. But Prime Minister Maliki's office said the execution was postponed "due to international pressure."

[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government - Iraqi National Unity Government



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President Deputy President Jalal Talabani **Deputy President** Tariq al-Hashimi 'Adil 'Abd al-Mahdi **Prime Minister Deputy Prime Minister** Nuri al-Maliki **Deputy Prime Minister** (F) = Female **Barham Salih** Salam al-Zawba'i **Minister of Displacement** Minister of Minister of Minister of Minister of Defense **Minister of Culture** & Migration **Electricity** Communications **Agriculture** As'ad Kamal **Abdul Qadir Muhammed** Abd al-Samad Rahman Muhammad Tawfig **Karim Wahid** Muhammad Abdallah al-Jasim Ya'rub Nathim Sultan Allawi Hashimi **Minister of Higher** Minister of Minister of **Minister of Foreign** Minister of Finance **Minister of Health Education Environment** Education **Affairs** Khudayyir al-Khuza'i Narmin 'Uthman (F) Bayan Jabr Hoshyar Zebari Ali al-Shammari Abd Dhiyab al-Ajili Minister of Human Minister of Labor & **Minister of Industry** Minister of Minister of Housing & Minister of Justice **Social Affairs Rights** Construction & Minerals Interior **Mahmud Muhammad** Wijdan Mikha'il (F) Fawzi al-Hariri Jawad al-Bulani Hashim al-Shibli Bayan Daza'l (F) Jawad al-Radi Minister of Minister of Science & **Minister of Municipalities** Minister of **Minister of Trade Minister of Oil** & Public Works **Planning Technology Transportation** Abd al-Falah al-Husayn al-Karim Mahdi Salih Ali Baban Ra'id Fahmi Jahid Riyad Ghurayyib Shahristani Sudani **Minister of Water** Minister of Youth & Minister of State for Minister of State for Minister of State for National **National Dialogue Affairs Security Affairs** Resources **Sports Civil Society** 'Abd al-Latif Rashid Jasim Muhammad Ja'far Adil al-Asadi Akram al-Hakim Shirwan al-Waili Minister of State for Minister of State for **Minister of State for** Minister of State for Minister of State for **CoR Affairs Foreign Affairs Governorates Affairs Tourism and Antiquities** Women's Affairs Safa al-Safi Fatin Abd al-Rahman Sa'd Tahir Abd Khalaf

Liwa Sumaysim

Mahmud (F)

Rafi Hiyad al-Isawi

al-Hashimi

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Financials from Iraq Relief and Reconstruction Fund (IRRF) 1 and IRRF 2



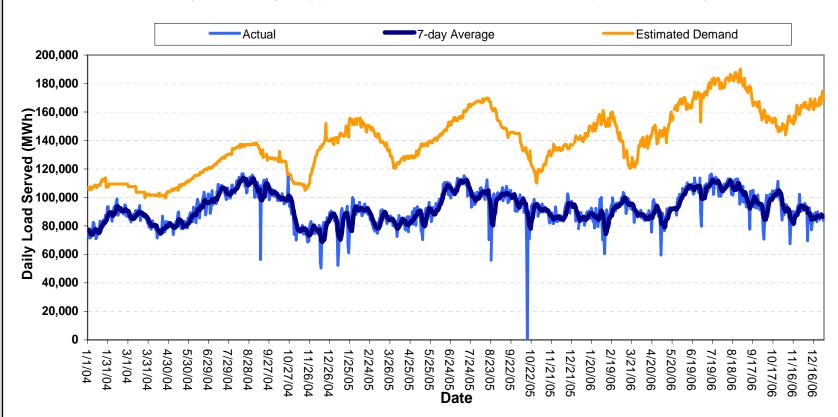
(Millions of USD)

(Millions of USD)	Apport	ioned	Committed		Obligated			Disbursed			
Sector	2207 Report	Apportion	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change
Security and Law Enforcement	\$5,002.59	\$5,002.59	\$4,990.93	\$4,989.02	(\$1.91)	\$4,988.46	\$4,986.48	(\$1.99)	\$4,700.03	\$4,702.03	\$2.01
Electricity Sector	\$4,239.51	\$4,239.51	\$4,238.86	\$4,238.86	\$0.00	\$4,094.48	\$4,094.48	\$0.00	\$2,932.85	\$2,955.02	\$22.17
Oil Infrastructure	\$1,724.70	\$1,724.70	\$1,722.88	\$1,723.87	\$0.99	\$1,625.00	\$1,625.00	\$0.00	\$1,282.28	\$1,286.61	\$4.33
Justice, Public Safety and Civil Society	\$1,304.15	\$1,304.15	\$1,303.84	\$1,303.79	(\$0.05)	\$1,297.45	\$1,297.39	(\$0.05)	\$971.68	\$971.50	(\$0.19)
Democracy	\$1,001.85	\$1,001.85	\$1,001.78	\$1,001.78	\$0.00	\$1,001.78	\$1,001.78	\$0.00	\$885.47	\$886.16	\$0.69
Education, Refugees, Human Rights, Governance	\$401.50	\$401.50	\$401.20	\$401.20	\$0.00	\$401.20	\$401.20	\$0.00	\$337.56	\$337.57	\$0.00
Roads, Bridges and Construction	\$333.60	\$333.60	\$332.43	\$332.41	(\$0.01)	\$326.30	\$326.29	(\$0.01)	\$205.93	\$206.07	\$0.14
Health Care	\$818.90	\$818.90	\$817.55	\$817.55	\$0.00	\$801.35	\$801.45	\$0.10	\$572.30	\$578.55	\$6.24
Transportation and Communications	\$464.12	\$464.12	\$464.11	\$464.11	(\$0.00)	\$458.23	\$458.23	(\$0.001)	\$334.75	\$335.36	\$0.61
Water Resources and Sanitation	\$2,131.08	\$2,131.08	\$2,129.43	\$2,129.40	(\$0.03)	\$2,057.11	\$2,057.10	(\$0.01)	\$1,405.29	\$1,409.11	\$3.82
Private Sector Development	\$813.95	\$813.95	\$813.95	\$813.95	\$0.00	\$813.95	\$813.95	\$0.00	\$760.91	\$761.56	\$0.65
Admin Expense (USAID, STATE)	\$213.00	\$213.00	\$212.45	\$212.45	\$0.00	\$212.45	\$212.45	\$0.00	\$138.37	\$138.37	\$0.00
Total	\$18,448.95	\$18,448.95	\$18,429.42	\$18,428.40	(\$1.02)	\$18,077.77	\$18,075.80	(\$1.97)	\$14,527.44	\$14,567.91	\$40.47
IRRF II Construction			\$10,598.64	\$10,598.13	(\$0.51)	\$10,268.75	\$10,267.36	(\$1.39)	\$7,868.14	\$7,894.85	\$26.71
IRRF II Non-Construction			\$6,829.00	\$6,828.49	(\$0.51)	\$6,807.24	\$6,806.66	(\$0.58)	\$5,773.82	\$5,786.90	\$13.07
IRRF II Democracy			\$1,001.78	\$1,001.78	\$0.00	\$1,001.78	\$1,001.78	\$0.00	\$885.47	\$886.16	\$0.69
IRRF I Total	\$2,473.30	\$2,473.30	\$2,473.30	\$2,473.30	\$0.00	\$2,232.3	\$2,232.3	\$0.00	\$2,139.00	\$2,139.0	\$0.00
Grand Total IRRF I & II	\$20,922.25	\$20,922.25	\$20,902.72	\$20,901.70	(\$1.02)	\$20,310.07	\$20,308.10	(\$1.97)	\$16,666.44	\$16,706.91	\$40.47

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Electricity Overview



Daily Electricity Supplied and Estimated Demand in Iraq Since January 2004



• During the week of December 28-January 3, electricity availability averaged 5.4 hours per day in Baghdad and 8.9 hours nationwide. Electricity output for the week was unchanged from the same period in 2005.

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Electricity



Electricity:

 Baghdad has received no power from Haditha Dam since December 4, and since December 27 it has also received none from northern generating plants, reducing daily electricity service in Baghdad to five to six hours.

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Oil Update and Job Creation



Oil Update:

- Crude oil price averages in world markets for the week ending December 15 closed with the following prices:
 - Basrah Light at \$55.61/barrel

– Dated Brent at \$62.28/barrel

WTI Cushing at \$61.91/barrel

- Oman/Dubai at \$57.99/barrel

Employment Update:

There will be no employment update this week.

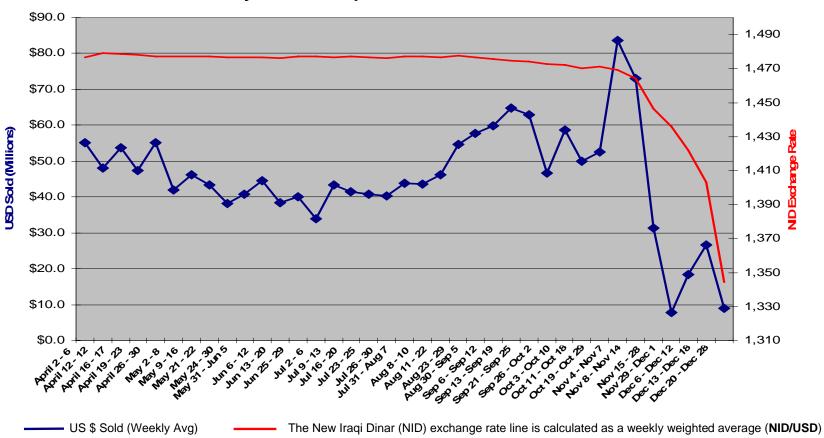
^{*} CERP employment numbers are representative of Baghdad only.

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy - Banking Sector

Central Bank's US Dollar (USD) Currency Auction:

• The following table shows volume sold and exchange rates for USD in the Iraqi currency auction since April. Since September, the Central Bank has begun slowly appreciating the dinar, as suggested by the IMF, to tackle rampant inflation over the past year. This welcome increase in the dinar's value against the dollar is reflected in the figure below.

Central Bank of Iraq
USD Currency Auction: April 2, 2006 – December 28, 2006



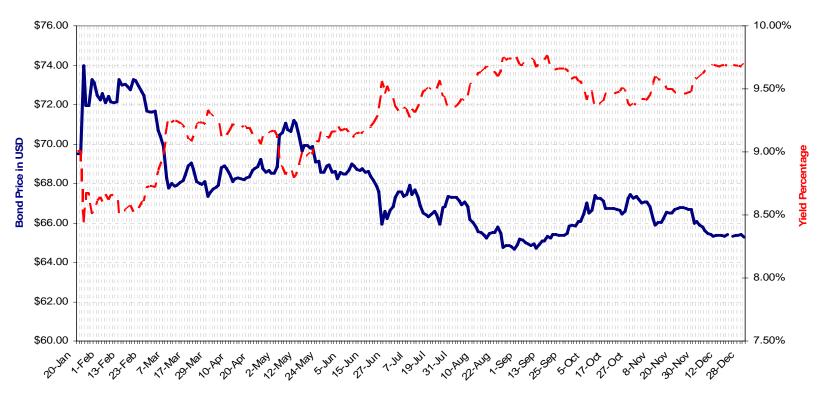
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Securities Markets



Trading of Iraqi Bonds on the International Secondary Bond Market:

• The following table shows the daily bond resale price and yield on Iraqi bonds issued January 20. The bonds were originally issued to about two-thirds of Iraq's commercial creditors as part of a debt exchange arrangement at Paris Club terms. Iraq's commercial debt was approximately \$22 billion before the debt-swap arrangement. The bonds, which are not yet rated, will mature in 2028. The bonds' current yield of 9.68 percent remains one of the highest in the world for sovereign debt instruments.

Iraqi Commercial Bond Sales January 20, 2006 - December 29, 2006



16

Trading High = \$73.98 (January 24)

Trading Low = \$64.66 (August 30)

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Economic Events



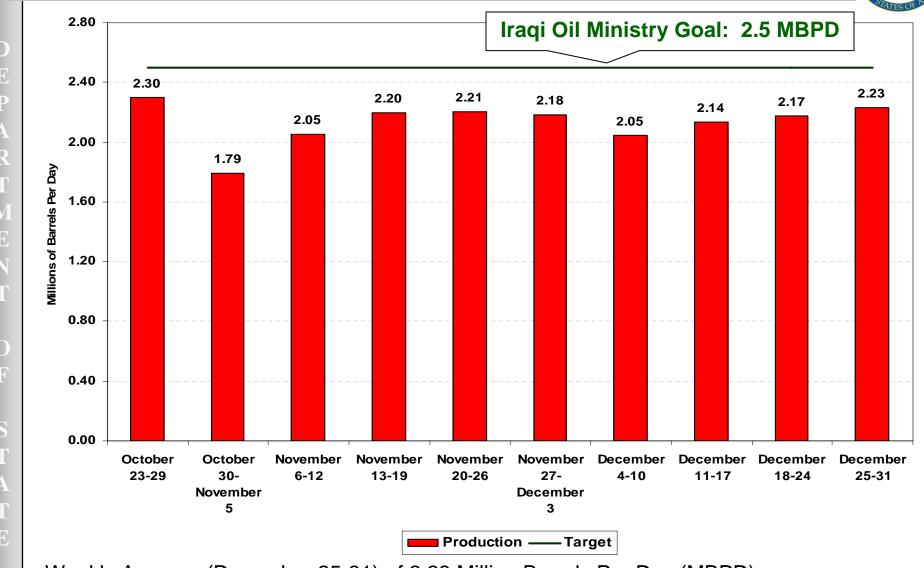
Iran to Loan Iraq \$1 Billion:

• Iranian Economy Minister Davoud Danesh Jafari announced that Iran will provide a \$1 billion loan to Iraq for reconstruction. The Iraqis have committed to use Iranian contractors and experts for the proposed projects. The two sides reached the agreement during the visit to Iran of Iraqi Finance Minister Bayan Jabr (SCIRI).

2007 Budget:

• Khaled al-Attiyah, first deputy-chairman of the Iraqi parliament, announced that the general budget for 2007 is \$41 billion, with security allocations of \$7.5 billion. The budget has been referred to the Economic and Investment Committee in the Parliament for consideration. A final report is expected after the Eid al-Adha.

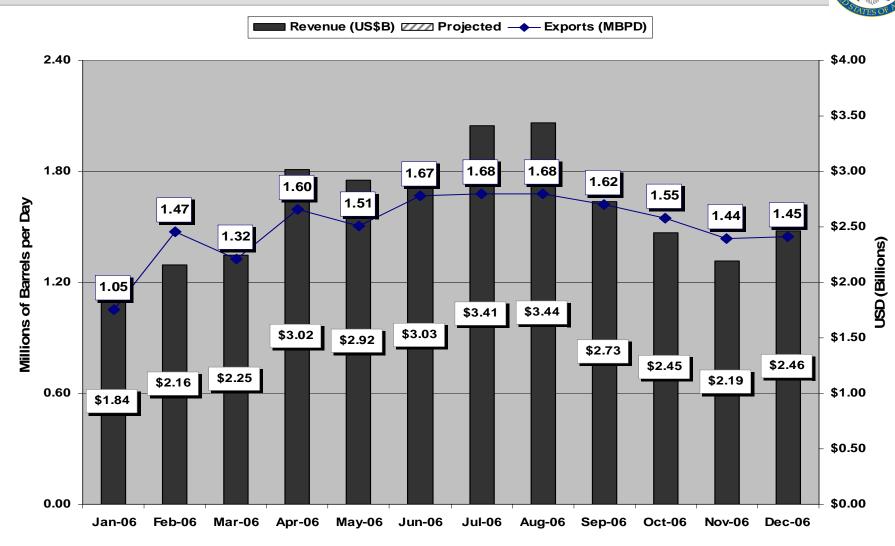
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Crude Oil Production



- Weekly Average (December 25-31) of 2.23 Million Barrels Per Day (MBPD)
- 2006 Average 2.13 MBPD

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Crude Oil Export





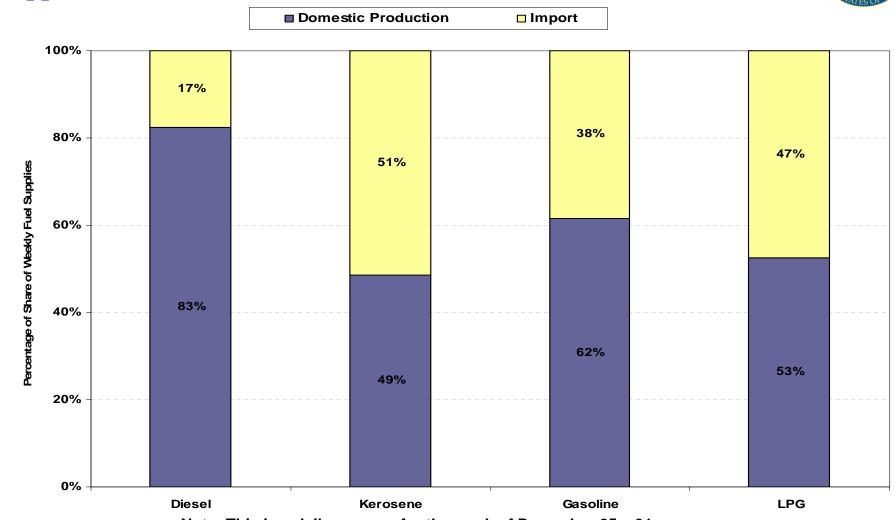
\$23.5 Billion

• 2006 Revenue Estimate:

\$31.3 Billion

(Year to Date)

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Total Critical Refined Product **Supplies**



Note: This is a daily average for the week of December 25 - 31

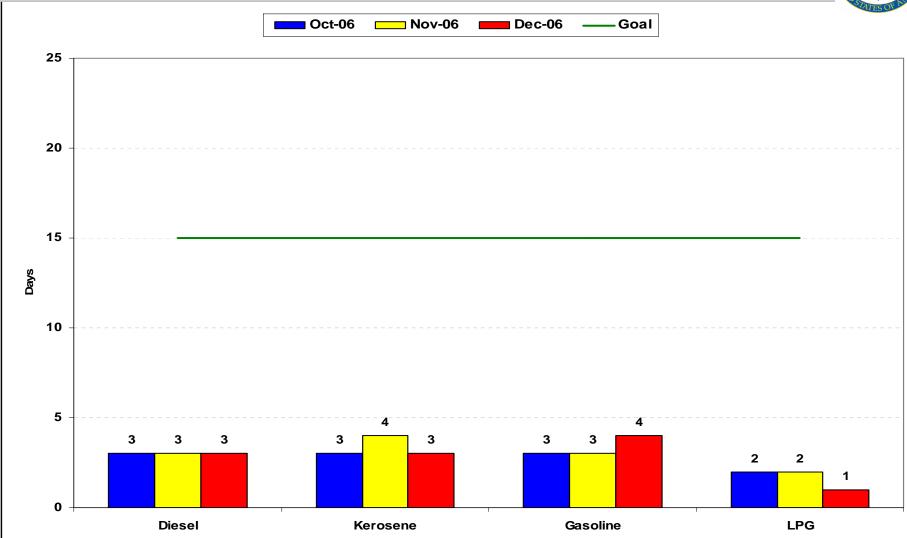
 Diesel: 13.9 ML supply of 21.0 ML target Gasoline: 12.2 ML supply of 22.5 ML target

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• Kerosene: 10.5 ML supply of 16.8 ML target • LPG: 3,059 tons supply of 5,630 tons target **UNCLASSIFIED**

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – National Stock Levels





• The goal is to have on hand 15 days supply of all refined products, calculated on the basis of maximum consumption over the year and not adjusted for seasonal variation. The numbers given above are monthly averages.

[6.] Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law and Promote Civil Rights— Iraqi Judicial System



Saddam Hussein Executed, Execution Taped by Cell Phone:

- The sentence of the Iraqi High Tribunal (IHT) against Saddam Hussein was carried out at a prison in Baghdad the monrning of December 30.
- The execution was recorded on a mobile phone, which was later leaked to the public.
 The scene was broadcast on al-Jazeera television and posted on the Internet, prompting
 a worldwide outcry and large protests among Iraq's minority Sunnis, who lost their
 preferential status when Saddam was ousted following the US-led invasion of March
 2003.
- Iraqi authorities reported January 3 the arrests of two guards and an official who supervised Saddam Hussein's execution and said the guard force was infiltrated by outsiders who taunted the former dictator and shot the unauthorized mobile phone video. This version was received with widespread skepticism by many Iraqis, who regard Islamist Shia politicians close to the government as the lead suspects.

CCCI Convicts 48 Insurgents:

- The Central Criminal Court of Iraq (CCCI) convicted 48 security detainees December 8-28, for various crimes including murder, kidnapping, illegal possession of special category weapons, violation of the terrorist laws, failure to renew resident identification, possessing and using a fake ID, use or attempted use of explosives and illegal border crossing.
- Since its organization under an amendment to Coalition Provisional Authority order 13, in April 2004, the CCCI has held 1,809 trials for Coalition-apprehended insurgents. The proceedings have resulted in the conviction of 1,569 individuals with sentences ranging up to death.

[7.] Increase International Support for Iraq—Developments



Seoul Moving to Allow Companies to do Business in Iraq:

- South Korea's Foreign Ministry announced December 29 that South Korea is considering allowing its firms to conduct business in Iraq's northern Kurdish region given the improved security situation in the region.
- South Korea has prohibited its people and firms from entering or doing business in Iraq since the kidnapping and murder of a South Korean worker in May 2004.

Foreign Minister Zebari Receives Russian Ambassador:

 Minister of Foreign Affairs Hoshyar Zebari received Vladimir Chamov, the Ambassador of the Russian Federation to Iraq December 28. A range of issues were discussed including security and political developments in Iraq and means to enhance bilateral relations between the two countries.

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[7.] Increase International Support for Iraq – Contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations



Data as of December 22, 2006

25 Countries with forces in Iraq (in addition to US)

Denmark	Lithuania	Slovakia
El Salvador	Macedonia	South Korea
Estonia	Moldova	Ukraine
Georgia	Mongolia	UK
Japan	Poland	
Kazakhstan	Romania	
Latvia	Singapore	
	El Salvador Estonia Georgia Japan Kazakhstan	El Salvador Macedonia Estonia Moldova Georgia Mongolia Japan Poland Kazakhstan Romania

TOTAL ~ 15,197 Forces

*Note: Fiji participating as a part of the UN mission in Iraq.

34 Countries and NATO*

(including US)

Support Iraqi Stability Operations

[8.] Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents – Developments



Kidnapped Contractors Shown on Video:

- Four Americans and an Austrian abducted in November in southern Iraq spoke briefly and appeared uninjured in a video believed to have been recorded nearly two weeks ago and delivered January 3 to The Associated Press.
- The men security contractors for the Crescent Security Group based in Kuwait – appeared separately on the edited video. Three of them said they were being treated well.
- The kidnappers were not seen or heard in the nearly two-minute video, but a title that read "The National Islamic Resistance in Iraq. The Furkan Brigades" was shown at the start of the video.
- The men were kidnapped November 16 when suspected militiamen in Iraqi police uniforms ambushed a convoy of trucks being escorted by Crescent Security on a highway near Safwan.

Special Addendum: Provincial Reconstruction Teams (PRT)



PRT Mission Statement:

 To assist Iraq's provincial governments with developing a transparent and sustained capability to govern, promoting increased security and rule of law, promoting political and economic development, and providing provincial administration necessary to meet the basic needs of the population.

Provincial Reconstruction Team Concept:

The PRT concept was developed to improve on Regional Embassy Office (REO) and Provincial Support Team (PST) programs. The PRTs are a civil-military operation led by the civilians with extensive support from US and Coalition Forces. The PRTs are an integrated capacity-building effort built around Local Governance Program (LGP) and include support from other agencies to cover all key capacity development needs.

PRT Operations Status:

 PRTs have been established in Tamim/Kirkuk; Ninewa/Mosul; Babil/Hillah; Baghdad; Anbar/Ramadi; Diyala/Baquba; Salah ad-Din; Basrah; and Dhi Qar. PRTs are comprised of representatives from the US Department of State, United States Agency for International Development, Multi-National Force – Iraq, Department of Justice, Gulf Regional Division of the Army Corps of Engineers, Multi-National Corps – Iraq and Coalition partners.

Iraq Weekly Status – General Information



• This brief draws from multiple sources. References are cited on the following pages.

• Please forward all questions and/or comments to:

NEA-I-IPOG-DL@state.gov

Notes and Source Citations (1 of 3)



Slide 5:

- <u>LA Times</u> Molly Hennessy-Fiske January 3, 2007 (http://www.latimes.com/news/printedition/asection/la-fg-iraq3jan03,1,1068439.story?coll=la-news-a section&ctrack=1&cset=true)
- The Advisor -- 30 December 2006

Slide 6:

- The Advisor - 30 December 2006

Slide 7:

DoD Input to Iraq Weekly Status Report January 3, 2007

Slide 8:

 "Iraq prime minister wishes he could quit." The Associated Press. January 3, 2007. http://news.yahoo.com/s/ap/20070103/ap_on_re_mi_ea/iraq_prime_minister

Slide 9:

- "Iraqi Sunnis Blame Shi'ite Leaders For Hussein's Execution." Radio Free Europe / Radio Liberty. January 1, 2007. http://www.rferl.org/featuresarticle/2007/1/886A0FDA-2712-4B28-AF51-7D19517BDA76.html
- Chang, Anita. "Saddam execution video draws criticism." The Associated Press. January 3, 2007. http://news.yahoo.com/s/ap/20070103/ap_on_re_mi_ea/world_saddam_execution
- http://news.yahoo.com/s/afp/20070104/wl_mideast_afp/iraq_070104083523

Slide 10:

NEA Political Section, NEA-I-POL-DL@state.gov

Slide 11:

IRMO Weekly Report, January 2, 2007

Slide 12:

- POC Bob Means (202) 647-9815
- The chart shows average daily power production in megawatt hours (MWh). 120,000 MWh goal equates to 20 hours at 6000 MW average supplied load or 24 hours at 5000 MW average supply load. Currently supplies are not much improved over last year when judged by hours of power, but this is due in part to an influx of new appliances. This has dramatically altered demand and diluted the effect of increased generation capacity on actual results.

28

Slide 13:

Electricity:

USACE Daily Report – December 4-January 3

Notes and Source Citations (2 of 3)



Slide 14:

Oil Prices are sourced from Bloomberg

Employment Update:

- Information regarding the Employment Update was sourced from the IRMO Weekly Report January 2, 2007.
- CERP has not reported figures for some time. Until they report accurate data, the number will remain at 0.
- PCO will be reporting on a bi-weekly basis.

Slide 15:

Information regarding the NID auction was gathered from the Central Bank of Iraq's website: http://www.cbiraq.org

Slide 16:

Iraqi Bond Prices are sourced from Bloomberg

Slide 17:

- http://www.menafn.com/qn_news_story_s.asp?StoryId=1093137724
- http://www.iraqdirectory.com/DisplayNews.aspx?id=2856

Slide 18:

Department of State, NEA-I-ECON, 202-647-9885

Slide 19:

- Department of State, NEA-I-ECON, 202-647-9885

Slide 20:

Department of State, NEA-I-ECON, 202-647-9885

Slide 21:

- Department of State, NEA-I-ECON, 202-647-9885

Notes and Source Citations (3 of 3)



Slide 22:

- http://news.yahoo.com/s/ap/20070103/ap_on_re_mi_ea/iraq_saddam_video_4
- http://news.yahoo.com/s/ap/20070104/ap_on_re_mi_ea/iraq
- http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=8756&Itemid=21

Slide 23:

- "Seoul moving to allow companies to do business in Iraq." YONAP News. December 28, 2006.
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